Evening Telegraph

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED). AT THE EVENING TELLGRAPH BUILDING.

No. 108 S. Third Street. Price, Three Cents Per Copy (Double Sheet), o Eighteen Cents Per Week, payable to the Carrier, and mailed to Subscribers out of the city at Nine Dollars Fer Annum; One Dollar and Fifty Cents for Two Months, invariably in advance for the period ordered.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1866.

Some Words on Local Topics. WITHIN the past few days there have oc-

curred in our city several local incidents which are calculated to attract attention to evils which need a remedy. We suppose all will grant that a law is enacted in order that, by its enforcement, some wrong can be prevented. When, therefore, we see a negligence continually exhibited in the administration of the rules prescribed, we cannot but call attention to the manner in which wise laws are nullified by weak executives.

At 7 o'clock in the morning a young man was shot in the street for a most trivial offense. The offender was, of course, arrested, and professed as much regret for the deed as any penitent could. The crime thus committed can be traced directly to the lax administration of the law providing punishment for carrying concealed deadly weapons. The law leaves a wide margin for the discretion of the magistrate. The punishment for the offense may be either too trivial to act as a restraint or can be so rigorous as to be a warning to all evil doers in the future.

Our magistrates are in the habit of imposing a fine of a few dollars-at most not more than twenty dollars-and then discharging the accused. What we need, in order that the lives of our citizens may be protected, is that when a man is detected with a concealed deadly weapon, be he using it or not, the extreme penalty of the law be meted out, The danger which is incurred by this neglect is not to be underestimated. If in the instance we have quoted, the young man had not had a pistol concealed upon his person, no crime would have been committed. It is necessary for the public security that the utmost rigor of the law be inflicted, for there is no excuse for a well-disposed citizen walking the streets of our peaceful city armed cap-a-pie, and acting as though some fued like that of Guelphs and Ghibelllines, was progressing in our midst.

Another evil, or rather danger, to which attention must be called, more particularly in the present windy weather, is that of allowing bare walls to stand without any visible support, towering over streets, and endangering the lives of the passers-by. There are a number which we have noticed, and complaints have been made to us of numbers more. We have noticed the violations of the ordinance which prohibits such reckless endangering of life, and yesterday an accident such as we had long expected occurred. A wall fell, killing one man and severely injuring two more. The battlements, standing so high that, in their fall, fragments would reach across the widest street, form dangers which all passers-by must risk. We know not at what moment they may fall, and it is certainly time that the City Commissioners, for we believe it is their duty, see that all such nuisances be abated, and human life cease to be endangered, in order that a few dollars be kept in a private purse.

The other local incident from which we can draw a moral and point a tale is the robbery of a banker at noonday, in his own office, of some \$100,000. For a man to quietly leave a tin box with such a sum lying within reach of any strolling thief, and that too after an exactly similar robbery was successfully perpetrated at Lord's, in New York. seems to us most culpable negligence. It appears like very great carelessness to leave hundreds of thousands lying around loose under any circumstances. To be sure, it is at the banker's own risk; but the fact is that any house doing so encourages theft, and endangers others. Two robberies within three days, of ever \$100,000 each, in a usually honest city, where such starting abstractions are rare, is enough to call attention to some defect in our system of guarding funds.

Gov. Fletche on the Missouri Troubles. THE citizens of Jackson county, Missouri. which was one of those lately declared to be under martial law by Governor Fletcher, having pledged themselves to enforce the laws, and to bring criminals to trial, the Governor has agreed to send no troops there, and sends the following letter to a committee of citizens of the county. It will be seen that the Governor's only desire is that law and order shall be maintained:-

"STATE OF MISSOURI, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, City of Jefferson, December 20, 1866,—Messrs, W. Jones, Peter Adams, and O. F. Myers, Jack son county-Gentlemen:- It affords me great pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of the peti tion presented by yourselves, as well as a similar one presented by our triends, Colonel J. D. Hines and C. O. Ash. Esq. The statements of these papers confirm the impressions made on my mind by conversations with Dr. Thorne and Mr. Hall, of Kansas City. I enclose a copy of the order directing that no troops be sent to Jackson county, to afford an opportunity to the citizens to accomplish the objects I had in view

in calling out the troops. "I cannot fully express the gratification it affords me to see the unanimity of the people of Jackson county of all parties in their desire to make the law the rule of action of every class of citizens. The bad feelings engendered by the war and renewed by demagogue politicians in the late canvass, will, I doubt not, disappear in the late canvass, will, I doubt not, disappear in the higher and; better motives and feelings prompted by the consideration of a common interest in promoting the prosperity of your ex-ceedingly rich county. The natural wealth of fackson county is a source of pride to me as a Missourian. The future of your prosperous metropolis, Kansas City, with its splendid natural advantages, makes me feel that it is to be an important part of the greatness of our state. All that is necessary to make and keep state, All that is necessary to make and keep inck-on, next to St. Louis, the most wealthy and prosperous county of the State, is that it become as famous for the general obedience of

through you to those you represent, that henceforth it should be the effort of every good citizen to devote himself to the building up of the general prosperity of your county, and that you should regard no man as a good citizen who does not unite with you for the security of life and property, and for advancing the general good, no matter what side he has taken in the

war or in politics since the war.
"Public opinion can soon remedy all the evils existing in your county. Get that public opinion properly expressed and understood—let it say to all men, that every violation of the law shall be promptly and legally punished; let it frown down the disturbers of your peace, the men with pistols belted on them, who swagger around your streets and ride over your county; let pistols be the known and recognized badge of the bushwhacker or the outlaw; let every man

count for himself, "Proceed under chapter 77 of the general statutes against every man found roaming about with his pistols belted to him and his blanket strapped to his saddle; make every such man show that he has an lionest calling, and if he have not, hire him out as a vagrant. Do not permit a few dozen vagrants to destroy the seace and destroy the prosperity of your county. live every man the protection of the law, but make every man give it his support and obe-

lieuce in return for its protection.
"Assure your friends that they may always ly on me to use all the power invested in me y law to aid them in their efforts to achieve high prosperity for Jackson county, which is attainable only through a union of all the people. "Very respectfully, your obedient servant, "Thomas C. Flarenes,"

Decision in Regard to Naturalization Papers Obtained by Fraud.

Ar the November term of the Court of Quarter sessions in Harrisburg, one Patrick McDonald was convicted of voting upon fraudulent naturalization papers in the Fourth Ward of that city. McDonald obtained his second papers from the Court of York county, after having filed his first papers less than four months in Dauphin county; and when he attempted to vote he was warned of the prosecution, and the vote was challenged, but the majority of the election officers being Democrats, his vote was taken and deposited in the box. After his conviction, his attorney made a motion for a new trial, which was argued before the Court some two weeks since. Judge Pearson denied the motion, and gave an opinion which exhausts the argument of the case, and will form a precedent for the future.

The ground upon which McDonald's attorney claimed a new trial, was that the certificate of naturalization is conclusive of the right, and the instruction of the Court to the jury that if the same was obtained by traud it would be no protection, was erroneous. But the Judge held that a certificate of naturalization obtained by fraud was no protection to the party using it. This is a righteous decision, and in the interest of justice and the purity of the ballot-box.

Plan of Reorganization of the French Army.

THE new plan of organization for the French army contemplates a total lorce of 1,100,000 men. Four hundred thousand of these are to constitute the standing army of the country in time of peace. Four hundred thousand more are to constitute the reserve, and are to be called into the field in time of war. They are to be trained and instructed, but the men will be allowed to marry, and live at home most of the time. The remaining three hundred thousand men are to constitute "Movable National Guards," who are never to leave the country, but whose duty will be to garrison the fortifications and frontiers, and preserve the internal peace of the country. The right to furnish substitutes is maintained. All men must draw in the conscription, but the rich may buy themselves off. So also, for a smaller sum of money, young men may trade themselves from the standing force into the reserve, but they cannot pass from the reserve into the National Guard.

This is the substance of the plan of reorganization as proposed by the Army Commission appointed for that purpose. These immense military establishments are the price the people of the Old World pay for monarchical forms of government.

An Old-Time Acceptance of Office. THE following is the correspondence between the Governor elect and Hon. B. H. Brewster in regard to the office of Attorney-General. The letters on both sides are models, and remind one of the old times of the Commonwealth:-

"New Cumberland, Pa., December 25, 1866, -Hon. B. H. Brewster, Philadelphia, Pa.—My Dear Sir:—Having the fullest confidence in your ability as a lawyer and your integrity as a man, I have the honor to tender you the appoint-ment of Attorney-General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Earnestly soliching your acceptance. I am truly yours, "John W. Geary,

"No. 706 Walnut Strrey, Philadelphia.-To the Honorable General Geary, the Governor elect of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania-My Dear Sir:- My friend, the Hon. Morrow B. Lowry, has sent to me your letter, dated 25th December, 1866, requesting me to accept the appointment of Attorney-General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I thank you for this mark of your high confidence, and accept from you the appointment you so graciously and courteously tender.

"I have the honor, sir, to be your obedient rvant. Benjamin Harris Brewster. "December 27, 1866."

FORT "PHIL, KEARNEY," where the late massacre of United States troops by Indians is said to have taken place, must not be confounded with Fort Kearney, one of our old and long-established military posts. Fort Phil. Kearney is a recent post, established last summer, and is situated in Dakotah Territory, in the forks of the two Piney Creeks. A despatch from Fort Laramie, dated the 27th, affirms that there is no reason to doubt the full extent of the calamity as at first reported. On the other hand, the Indian Commissioner at Washington does not credit the report.

EIGHT RADICAL CONGRESSMEN FROM MISSOURI .- The official canvass of Missouri returns eight radical members of Congress and one conservative. The conservatives in many quarters undertook to override the election laws of the State, but they made nothing by it, as such votes were thrown out by the state cauvassers.

the people to the laws as it is for the richness of the roll.

"I hope you will permit me to say to you, and Tae Holiday Observances-Increase of

Intemperance-Negro Testimony in the State Courts-Seiling Negroes into Slavery, Etc. EVENING TELEGRAPH SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

BALTIMORE, December 27. A goodly number of our citizens who commenced a speried celebration of Christmas, have scarcely gotten over it yet. The occasion, however, was appropriately observed, and, as a general thing, very much enjoyed.

On the coming New Year's Day business will be, to a great extent, suspended here, and the occasion appropriated to making annual calls. This custom promises to be more generally practised than it has been heretofore. We are fast getting into the good old Knickerbocker fashion with reference to "New Year's." A large proportion of our citizens will keep open house and receive calls. Hence we look forward to the coming New Year with gladsoms anticipations. It is a period seemingly suitable above all others, for kindly greetings and good resolves. Permit me, therefore, to suggest to the many who hope to indulge in its pleasures, that after the night of this anniversary has closed upon them-or sconer, if possiblethey resolve henceforward to live soberly, tem perately. It is a melancholy and lamentable fact, one that cries aloud for redress, that the greatest evil which afflicts the world at present is drunkenness, or the sin of intemperance. It has increased to a degree which is absolutely alarming. Thousands and hundreds of thousands, young, middle-aged, and old, are plunged heading to destruction daily from an indulgence in this terrible evil. It claughters annually more victims than war, pestilence, or famine. The ruin and heart-aches it brings into families are beyond computation. the bitter tears of wives, widows, or parents of friends, shed in consequence of drunken as in its varied forms, were commingled into one great reservoir, they would almost float a navy. If the poverty and wretchedness and woe could be seen in their naked deformity, resulting from this curse, they would make the cheek turn pale and the heart sick forever.

Let, therefore, this marked era in time's calendar be signalized by resolutions to indulge no more in intoxicating drinks. Let young men and old men, and fathers and husbands, and all who have been seduced by the intoxicating bowl, see themselves-or what they may be-reflected in the countless forms of misery to which intemperance surely leads. Two apperite for spirituous figuors increases with the quartity consumed; and the other, that an indulgence in it is certain to kill sooner or later. No matter how robust the constitution of an inebriate, whisky will destroy him at last. It is slow but sure poison. We would pronounce him insane who swallows arsenic or strychnine; is ab-olutely more demented who debauches bimself unto death by habitual drunk-enness, or even—at the beginning—moderate drinking. A suicide, who cuts off his existence suddenly, may leave means to bury himself and support his tamily, but the sot often sinks to a dishonored grave void of the ability to do either. If, therefore, these few thoughts induce but one man to make up his mind on the coming new year that he will drink no more of ardent spirits, the writer will feel rejoiced at being the happy instrument of doing some good to his cflow-men. There is no subject of the present

age half so serious and important. Some of the judges and magistrates of our State are rejusing to obey the Personal Rights law, in the reception of negro testimony against white persons, alleg ng it interferes with the tatute which probibles such a privilege, and is, therefore, unconstitutional. Some arrests have been made, amongst them Judge Magruder, of Annapolis, who is cited to appear before Com-missioner Prooks, of this city in a few days. They are likely to get into trouble, but depend upon relief from the Supreme Court of the United States. The selling of convicted negroes into slavery, which is permitted by our State laws, is also becoming a question of deep in-

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH,

Friday, December 28, 1866. The Stock Market opened very dull this morning, and prices were unsettled and drooping. In Government bonds there was very little doing. July '65 5-20s sold at 107\, a decline of \(\frac{1}{2}\), 98\(\frac{1}{2}\) was bid for 10-40s; 109\(\frac{1}{2}\) for 6s of 1881; and 103\(\frac{1}{2}\) for City loans were unchanged; the new saue sold at 991@993, and old do, at 96. Railroad shares, as we have noticed for some

time just, continue the most active on the list, Reading sold at from 52\(^1_2\)(6.52 81-100, closing at 525, a slight decline on the closing price list evening; Camden and Amboy at 130, an advance of 1, and Catawissa preferred at 20%, no change; 564 was bid for Penusylvania Railroad, 61 for Notristown, 374 for North Penusylvania, 664 for Lehieh Valley, 40 for Elmira preferred, 30 for Philadelphia and Erie.

City Passenger Railroad shares were firmly held. Chesnut and Walnut sold at 51; and Ridge Avenue at 12; 38 was bid for Union; 90 for Second and Third; 19 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth; 29 for Spruce and Pine; 142 for Hestonville; 283 for Great College; 305 for Green and Coates; and 30 for Germantown.

Bank shares continue in good demand for in vestment. Farmers' and Mechanics' sold at 136; 139 was bid for First National; 150 for Philadel-phia; 31 for Mechanics'; 100 for Kensington; 41 or Consolidation; and 62 for Union. In Canal shares there was nothing doing. 241

was bid for Schuylkill Navigation common: 35 for preferred do.; 54 for Lebigh Navization; 131 for Susquehanna Canal; and 56 for Delaware

Money is less active. Demand loans continue at 7 per cent. on stock collaterals, but are easier than on Wednesday. There appears to be no ex-pectation of any material change in the rate of interest before the new year. Discounts are dull. The best paper passes slowly at 7@8 per

Quotations of Gold—10\(\frac{1}{2}\) A.M., 132\(\frac{1}{2}\); 11 A. M., 132\(\frac{1}{2}\); 12 M., 132\(\frac{1}{2}\); 1 P. M., 133\(\frac{1}{2}\).

-The New York Tribune this morning says: "Money on call cannot be had under 7 per cent, and borrowers are ready to pay it. In commercial paper little doing. Prime names pass at 7 per cent,, and large interest can be made upon second rate bilis, usually quoted good. Later in the day money was reported in good. Later in the day money was reported in better supply at 7 per cent. on call. Sterling bills are hardly so firm. The quotations are:— London, 60 days, 100@1091; sight, 1092@1091; Paris, long. 5·161@5·15; short, 5·132; Antwerp, 5·20@5·171; Swiss, 5·20@5·171; Hamburg, 364; Amsterdam, 414; Frankfort, 411; Bremen, 79@ 701; Paris, 79.66, 791.9 794; Berlin, 72 @ 724."

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES TO DAY Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street FIRST BOARD.

\$5000 5-29s, 65 cp Jy, 167 1 48 h Cam & A..... 130 \$200 City 6s n e&p. 594 20 sh F & M Bk., its 128 200 sh Reading .830.52 81 5 sh do due bill 52 5 sh Ridge av.... 12

-Messrs, De Haven & Brother, No. 40 South Third street, report the following rates of ex-change to-day at 1 P. M.:—American gold, 131 Change 10-03y at 17. A compound Interest Notes, June, 1864, 16; do., July, 1864, 15½; do., August, 1864, 15; do., October, 1864, 14; do., December, 1864, 13; do., May, 1865, 11; do., 1865, 10; do., September, 1865, 91; do. October, 1865, 9.

-Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No. -Messrs, William Painter & Co., bankers, No. 36 South Third street, report the following rates of exchange to-day at 12 o'clock; -U. S. 68, 1881 coupon, 109[@110]; U. S. 5-20s, coupon, 1862, 105 @1052; do., 1864, 1044@1044; do., 1865, 104]@1044; do., new, 1865, 107@1074; U. S. 10-40s, coupon, 99@994; U. S. 7-30s, 1st series, 1032 @104; do., 2d series, 1033@104; 3d series, 1034 @104; Compounds, December, 1864, 13@134.

Philadelphia Trade Report. FRIDAY, December 23 .- There was quite an active business effected in Flour to-day, and holders were very firm in their views. The sales reached 2000 barrels, including 1000 barrels City Mills extra family, for shipment, at \$12.50; and 1000 barrels in lots for the supply of the home consumers at \$5.68.50 per barrel for supernne; #9@10-50 for extras; \$11-50

@13 for Northwestern extra family; \$12@14 for Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do.; and fancy brands at \$14-50cm18, according to quality. Hye Flour is held at \$7 25 P barrel 300 barrels Brandywine Corn Meal sold on private terms.

There is considerable Wheat offering, but the demand is limited, and in the absence of sales we quote Pennsylvania red at \$2.6523 10; Southern do, at \$8 @3 25; and white at \$3 20@3 45. Rye is held at \$1 30@1 35. In Corn there is less doing, and less coming forward, as supplies by water have been cut off by the ice. Sales of new yellow at 95 g 98c., and old do, at \$1:16. Oats sell at 57@60c.

There is nothing doing in Whisky, except in the contraband article, which seils at \$1 60@1 75.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEWSPAPER , ADVERTISING .- JOY COE & CO., N. E. corner of FIFTH and CHES-NUT Streets, Philadelphia, and TRIBUNE BUILD-INGS, New York, are agents for the "TELEGRAPH." and for the Newspapers of the Whole country. JOY COE & CO

YOUNG MEN'S

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The regular Monthly Meeting will be held in NATIONAL HALL.

MARKET Street, above Twelfth, next MONDAY, December 31, at 8 o'clock P M

GEORGE H. STUART, Fsq., and REV. J. WHEATON SMITH, D. D.

Also, short a dresses relative to the work of the Association, by several members. Several hundred members to be elected. Music by an efficient choir.

Ticke s may be had gratuitously at the Rooms, No. 1216 Chesnut street.

A PUBLIC MEETING IN BEHALF MISSION HOUSE OF THE PROTESTANT EPIS-COPAL CHURCH

COPAL CHURCH
OF THE

UNITED STATES

WILL BE HELD IN

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
THIRTENTH STREET, BELOW SPRUCE,
SUNDAY EVENING, December 20, at 7% o'cock.
The Meeting will be addressed by
Bught Rev. THOMAS H VAIL, D.D.
Rev. M. A. DE W. HOWE, D.D.
Rev. R. B. CLAXTON, D.U.
Rev. J. G. AUER, Missionary.
A collection will be taken up. 1228

OFFICE OF THE PRANKFORD AND OFFICE OF THE FRANKFORD AND PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER BAILWAY COMPANY, No. 2431 FRANKFORD Road.

All persons who are subscribers to or ho ders of the Capital Stock of this company, and who have not yet paid the "HIRD instalment of FIVFI DOLLARS per share thereon, are bereby notified that the said Third Instalment has been called in, and that they are required to pay the same at the above office, on or before cATURIAY. He 12th day of January next 1857.

Fy Resolution of the Board of Directors.

12 28 12t JAPOB BINDER, "resident.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH PENNSYL.
WALNUT Street. COMPANY, No. 407

WALNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA. December 27, 1866

The Arnual Meeting of the Stockhoiders of the North
Fennsylvania Saliroad Company will be held at the
Office of the Company. No. 407 WALD U. Street. Phitadelphia, on MONDAY, January 14, 1867, at 12 o'clock
M., when an election will be held for a President and ten Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.

12 28 44: EDWARD ARMSTRONG Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE RE-PUBLIC.

THE Annual Flection for Directors with be held at the BANKING HOUSE, on TUESDAY, January 8, 1867, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. 12 26 1245

J. P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

UNITED STATES TREASURY NOTICE.—Holders of Twenty Coupons and upwards in number of Unit d states Loans due Jaquary 1, 1887, are requested to present the same a this Office for Examination and Count, at any time previous to that 2 McKIBBIN Assistant Treasurer

PREPARED OIL OF PALM AND FOR PRESERVING, RESTORING, AND BEAUTIFY ING THE HAIR, and is the most delightful and wongerful article the

world ever produced. Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to Bestore Darken, and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the tragrant odor of the Olls of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU. A new and beautiful persume, which, in delicacy of seent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the hand kerchief and person, is unequalled. The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Pertumers, at \$1 per bottle each. Seut by express to any address by proprietors.

19 15 mwishalp

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,

No. 100 LIBERTY Street, New York.

STEINWAY & SONS' Grand Square and Upright Piano Fortes.

Grand Square and Upright Fianc Fortes.

STEINWAY & SONS' direct special attention to their newly invented 'Upright' Fiancs, with their ''Pat-ni Resonator' and double from Frame, patented June 5, 1856. This invention consists in providing the instrument (in addition to the iron frame in from: of the soundboard), with an iron brace frame in the rear of it, both frames being cast in set fice, thereby maparting a solidity of construction and capacity of standing in tune never before a trained in that class of instrument.

The soundboard is supported between the two frames by an apparatus regulating its tension, so that the givestest possible degree of sount producing capacity is obtained and regulated to the placest destrable point. The great volume and exquisite quality of tone, as well as classicity and promisiness of astion, of these new Upright Planes, have elicited the unqualited admiration of the musical profession and all who have heard them. heard them.
BLASIUS BROTHERS confidently offer these beau thu instruments to the public and inche every lover of music to call and examine them hvery Plano is consensed with their Patent Agradic Arrangement applied directly to the full from France. For sale only by BLASIUS BROTHERS. 1221 Indp* No 10% CHESNUT Street

CHRISTMAN PRESENTS! CHRIST FIRST CHRIST FIRST STANDS now selling to cut the times Call an examine them at our now Wastrooms No. Illil CHES NUT Street, before purchasing c'e-where. 17 19 121

NEW YEAR GIFTS HAVING REPLENISHED OUR STOCK OF

HOLIDAY BOOKS. AND BLING IN BECEIPT OF A NUMBER OF JUVENILE BOOKS. That were out of print during the latter part of Christ-mes Holidays, and also having just received

ONE HUNDRED NEW SUBJECTS FOREIGN MEDIUM PHOTOGRAPHS. In addition to our siready vacualizate assertment of Photographs for the Aloum and training, we request

A NEW YEAR GIFT, To call and examine our assertment,

G. W PITCHER, No. 805 CHESNUT STRUET
All the new Magaz nes and new Hooks at a discoutirom regular prices.

12 28 2:

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL FOR JANUARY, 1867, begins a new volume, and contains graphic Sketches and excellent Fortralts of Ris tori, the Tragedienne; "Tem" Hughes, the great English Refermer; "Father Pront," the great Journalise and others. Also, Education, by John Neal; Two Ca reers of Womanhood, with Portraits of the Good and the Bad; Our Neighbor, by Mrs. Wyills; Ethno ogy or the Aberiginal Graphic Systems, by E. G. Squier; The Heavenly Chronometers, and much other instructive reading. Only 26 cents, or \$2 a year. Now is the time to subscribe. Address FOWLYR & WELLS, No. 369 BROADWAY, New York; or J. L CAPEN, So 723 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia 12 28 21

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CARE'S PATENT RETURN BALLS. Wholesan
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No. 28 SOUTH SECOND STREET,

Will offer, from now till FEBEUARY 1, their entire

Stock of

WINTER DRESS GOODS, At a Still Further Reduction to Price, to close them out.

K. B .- We still have on hand a good assortment of SILKS, DEESS GOODS, SHAWLS, ETC.

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50 Styles and Sizes, at Low Prices.

Visiting and Wedding Cards, the latest novelties. Initials, Monograms, etc., stamped on paper and envelopes, in colors, gratis, A large stock of English, French and American Paper

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BLANK EOOKS of the best manufacture, on hand and made to order R. HOSKINS & CO.,

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HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT PANIC PRICES.

French Merinoes, Poplins, Plaids, Alpacas, Delaines, Calicocs. Table Lineas, Nankins. Tovels, Handker-chies Irish Lineas, Shirt Bosoms Hostery, Tickings, Francels, Shavils, Frankets, Frosted Beaver, Cloths, and Cassimeres for men's and boy's wear. 15,000 YARDS MUSLINS.

Bleached and Unbleached, all grades, at the late reduced prices.
All these goods must be sold for what they will bring, at
Nos. 2 and 4 North NINTH Street,
Above Market and
No. 963 MA/KET Street
12 28 5t
M. K. WILLIAMS.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

LADIES' FOR TRIMMED HOODS. LADIES' SKATING BATS. FEENCH SILK UMBELLLAS. CHILDREN'S VELVET HATS GENTS' FUR CAPS, COLLARS AND GLOVES.

THEO. H. McCALLA, BAT AND CAP EMPORIUM.

NO. SOI CHESNUT ST. BURDSALL'S H.

CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM AND DINING SALOONS, No. 1121 CHESNUT St.,

GIRALD ROW. FRUIT AND POUND CAKES of all sizes, with a arse assortment of CONFECTIONERY, etc., for the

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, Nos. 809 and 811 CHESNUT Street!

PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL \$500,000, FULL PAID. DIRECTORS.

. A. Itis ban Wm. Ervien, Jos. T. Bailey. Edw. B. Orne, Osgood Welsh, A. Hoyt, Natha Hilles, Ben. Rowland, Jr. Wo. H Ehawn!

> PRESIDENT, WILLIAM H. RHAWN. CASHIMA

JOSEPH P. MUMFORD. HAST FREIGHT LINE

ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE SOUTH.

Via Grange and Alexaudria Railroad land its Connections. The undersigned would respectfully ask the attention

shippers to the ONLY ALL RAIL ROUTE between Philadelphia and the South, Merchants and others desirous of avoiding frequent hanges and water transportation, will piease mark their freight via O. & A. R. R -Rail, and send to depot f Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Ballroad

BROAD and PRIME Streets. Cars run through from Philadelphia to Lynchburg rithout breaking bulk Dray receipts rurnished, and Bills of Lading signed at be through freight office of Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, No. 105 South FIFTH Street

Rutes guaranteed as low at a'l times as by other lines. JAMES C. WILSON. Agent Orange and Alexandria Railroad, No. 105 South FIFTH Street.

EMOVAL

10Y THE North Pennsylvania Railroad

Passenger Station.

On Tuesday, January 1, 1867, THE PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER STATION OF THIS ROAD WILL BE REMOVED

FROM THIRD AND THOMPSON STREETS TO THE NEW AND COMMODIOUS DEFOT, N. W. C. RNER BERKS AND AMERICAN STREETS. ELLIS CLARE, General Agent.

NEW CROP JAPANESE TEA.

OF THE FINES! QUALITY,

FOR SA E 1 Y

JAMES R. WEBB,

EIGHTH and WALNUT Streets.

LOST-A BRASS COMB KEY, WITH STEEL Fromgs. The firder will be amply rewarded if reserved to FARMELL, HEBRIAG & CO., No. 629

CREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES | TORY GOODS CHEAP MNOUGH



ARE SELLING.

AT THE

VERY REDUCED PRICES,

THEIR ENTIRE

FINEST FROSTED BEAVERS.

MAGNIFICENT STOCK

ROYAL CHINCHILLAS, VELOURS AND WHITNEYS. MAGNIFICENT OVERCOATINGS FINEST STOCK CLOAKINGS. ALL THE NOVEL/TIES. CLOAKINGS FROM \$2 UP. NOBBY CASSIMERES. FINEST CASSIMERES MADE LOW GRADES CASSIMERES. BLACK FRENCH BOESKINS. BLACK FRENCH CLOTHS. RICHLY-TRIMMED CLOAKS. ELEGANT SACQUES, CHEAP. HANDSOME SHAWLS, CHEAP AS EVER, GARNET AND MODE POPLINS. GARNET AND BLUE MERINOES SUPERB POPLIN AND MERINO STOCK MERRIMAC CALICORS. ALL-WOOL DELAINES, 50 CENTS. CHRISTMAS DRESS GOODS. BALMORALS EXTRA CHEAP. CHRISTMAS SCARFS. BLANKETS LOW DOWN BEST BLEACHED MUSLINS, 30 CENTS.

W.H. SHOW IIINTH GROVE, CASES.

BAILEY & CO. 819 Chestnut Street,

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PHILADELPHIA.

English Plated Wares, Fine Watches, Clocks, London Pearl Setts, English Gutlery, Bronzes, Porcelain, Goral Tewelry, Precious Stones,

Gilt Goods, & c. Always on hand a large assurances of FINE JEWELRY

SILVER WARE.

NEW DESIGNS FURNISHED AND GOODS MADE TO ORDER, AT SHORT NOTICE. SILVER WARE FOR

BRIDAL PRESENTS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

American (Waltham) Watches.

Dealers in Watches from all parts of the country are reminded that the undersished keep a full assortment of Waltham Watches, in gold and silver cases donstantly on hand. Large reductions in the orices of movements and cases have recently been made, and the Internal Revenue Tax is no longer charges to ous-The good repute borne far and near by the manulac-

tures of the Waltzam Company, make it needless for the agents to urge their claims to general patronage, or to do more than caution the public against spurrous and interior Watches with which the markets are flooded. Every Walthum Watch, of whatever class, is warranted by special certificate, which should in all cases be de-ROBBINS & APPLETON,

AGENTS OF THE AMERICAN WATCH CO.

No. 159 BROADWAY, N. W.

PATES DE FOIES GRAS.

JUST RECEIVED.

AN INVOICE OF FRESH

PATES DE FOIZS GRAS

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S. W. Corner WALNUT and BROAD.